

<name>

Class: Honors Geometry

Date: 9/14/06

Topic: Lesson 4-4 (CPCTC)

## CPCTC

### Corresponding Parts of Congruent Triangles are Congruent

If prove 2  $\Delta$ s are  $\cong$  by SSS, SAS, ASA, or AAS then the remaining parts are  $\cong$ .

## Examples

1. Prove  $\angle A \cong \angle C$ :

$$\overline{AD} \cong \overline{DC}$$

$$\angle ADB \cong \angle CDB$$

$$\overline{BD} \cong \overline{BD}$$

$$\Delta ADB \cong \Delta CDB$$

$$\angle A \cong \angle C$$

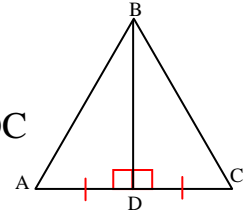
Given

All rt.  $\angle$ 's  $\cong$

Reflexive POC

SAS

CPCTC



2. Prove  $\overline{HE} \cong \overline{FG}$ :

$$\angle EFH \cong \angle GHF$$

$$\overline{FH} \cong \overline{HF}$$

$$\angle EHF \cong \angle GFH$$

$$\Delta EFH \cong \Delta GHF$$

$$\overline{HE} \cong \overline{FG}$$

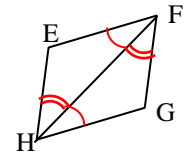
Given

Reflexive POC

Given

ASA

CPCTC



3. Prove  $\angle K \cong \angle P$ :

$$\angle L \cong \angle M$$

$$\angle J \cong \angle N$$

$$\overline{KJ} \cong \overline{PN}$$

$$\Delta KLJ \cong \Delta PMN$$

$$\angle K \cong \angle P$$

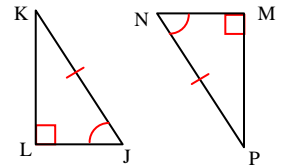
All rt.  $\angle$ 's  $\cong$

Given

Given

AAS

CPCTC



4. Prove  $\angle N \cong \angle Q$ :

$$\overline{NP} \cong \overline{QP}$$

$$\overline{NR} \cong \overline{QR}$$

$$\overline{RP} \cong \overline{RP}$$

$$\Delta RNP \cong \Delta RQP$$

$$\angle N \cong \angle Q$$

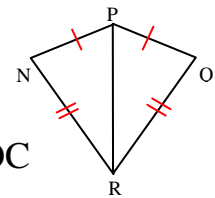
Given

Given

Reflexive POC

SSS

CPCTC



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Solving sys. of linear equations

1. pick 1 and solve for  $y$
2. subst. back into the other
3. solve for  $x$
4. dbl-check answer by subst.  $x$  &  $y$  into other equation

If answer is:

1. A true non-zero answer (i.e.  $3 = 3$ )
  - 1 solution
  - Lines' intersection point.
2. A true zero answer (i.e.  $0 = 0$ )
  - Infinite # solutions
  - Equations represent same line
3. A false answer (i.e.  $3 = 7$ )
  - No solutions
  - The lines don't intersect